Health and Disease Summary

March 2019



Measles Update (as of 11 APRIL 2019)

U.S. Case Count: 555 (AZ, CA, CO, CT, FL, GA, IL, IN, KY, MA, MD, MI, MO, NH, NJ, NV, NY, OR, TX, and WA)

S.D. Case Count: 0

Symptoms: Usually appear 7–14 days after exposure

- High fever (104°F or more)
- Cough
- Runny nose (coryza)
- Red, watery eyes (conjunctivitis)
- Koplik's spots (2–3 days after symptom onset)
- Maculopapular rash (3–5 days after symptom onset) Maculopapular rash (3–5 days after symptom onset)
 appears on the face at the hairline and spread downward

Maintain vigilance: Due to the ongoing transmission of measles in the U.S. and anticipated travel for the upcoming holiday, clinicians should be vigilant about individuals presenting with measles symptoms. Suspect patients should be isolated and tested immediately. Testing includes serum for IgM/IgG and nasopharyngeal swab for PCR.

Vaccination: A single dose is 93% effective at preventing illness

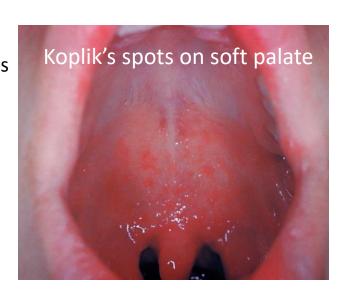
For more information, visit:

CDC: https://www.cdc.gov/measles/index.html

SD-DOH: https://doh.sd.gov/diseases/measles.aspx

SD Public Health Laboratory: https://doh.sd.gov/lab/medical-microbiology/





Photos courtesy of CDC
Public Health Image Library

South Dakota Infectious Disease Summary 2019



| Disease/Agent | Cases YTD | Rate | 5-Year Median YTD | Percent change |
|---|--------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Campylobacter | 77 | 8.9 | 57 | +35% |
| Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae | 14 | 1.6 [‡] | 11 | +27% |
| Chlamydia | 1124 | 127.9 | 1112 | -1% |
| Coccidiodomycosis | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 2* | -100% |
| Cryptosporidiosis | 30 | 3.4 | 24 | +25% |
| Cyclosporiasis | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 0 | |
| E. coli, shiga toxin-producing | 11 | 1.3 [‡] | 8 | +38% |
| Ehrlichiosis | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 0 | |
| Giardiasis | 9 | 1.0 [‡] | 24 | -63% |
| Gonorrhea | 456 | 52.4 | 308 | +48% |
| Haemophilus influenzae, invasive | 6 | 0.7‡ | 4* | +50% |
| Hepatitis A | 2 | 0.1‡ | 0 | |
| Hepatitis B, chronic | 12 | 1.4 [‡] | 10 | +20% |
| Hepatitis C, acute and chronic | 129 | 14.8 | 165 | -22% |
| HIV, including Stage III (AIDS) | 3 | 0.3 [‡] | 9 | -67% |
| Legionellosis | 3 | 0.3 [‡] | 1 | +200% |
| Listeriosis | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 0 | |
| Lyme disease | 1 | 0.1 [‡] | 0 | |

YTD: Year-to-Date Rate: Cases per 100,000 population 5-Year Median: 2014–2018 (* Denotes 3-Year Median: 2016–2018)

South Dakota Infectious Disease Summary 2019

| Disease/Agent | Cases YTD | Rate | 5-Year Median YTD | Percent change |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Malaria | 0 | 0.0‡ | 0 | |
| Measles | 0 | 0.0‡ | 0 | |
| MRSA, invasive | 29 | 3.3 | 39 | -26% |
| Pertussis | 40 | 4.6 | 6 | +567% |
| Pneumococcal disease, invasive | 33 | 3.8 | 33 | +0% |
| Q fever | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 1 | -100% |
| Rabies, animal | 0 | NA | 3 | -100% |
| Salmonella | 32 | 3.7 | 42 | -24% |
| Shigella | 4 | 0.5 [‡] | 9 | -56% |
| Spotted fever Rickettsiosis | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 0 | |
| Syphilis, early | 6 | 0.7 [‡] | 15 | -60% |
| Toxic shock syndrome | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | | |
| Tuberculosis | 4 | 0.5 [‡] | 4 | +0% |
| Tularemia | 1 | 0.1 [‡] | 0 | |
| Varicella | 13 | 1.5 [‡] | 8 | +63% |
| Vibriosis | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 0* | |
| West Nile Virus | 0 | 0.0 [‡] | 0 | |

YTD: Year-to-Date Rate: Cases per 100,000 population

5-Year Median: 2014–2018 (* Denotes 3-Year Median: 2016–2018)

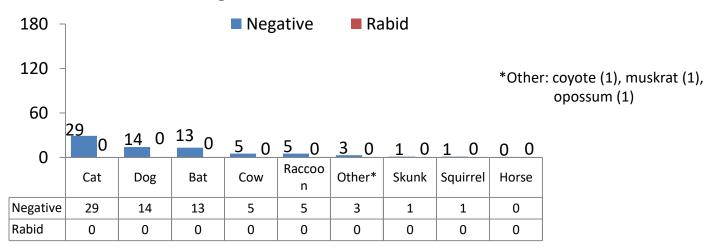
SOUTH DAKOTA HEALTH

Rabies

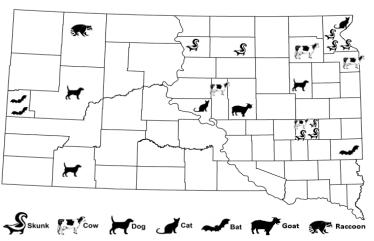
Rabies is a fatal, but preventable, disease of mammals most often transmitted through the bite of a rabid animal.

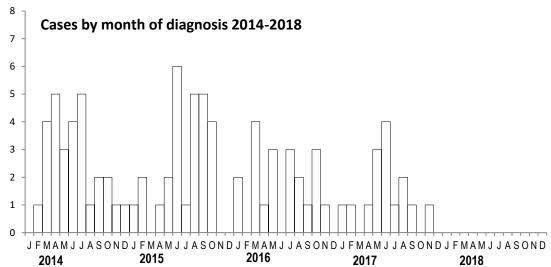
Counties

None



Animal Rabies in South Dakota, 2017 (N=22)

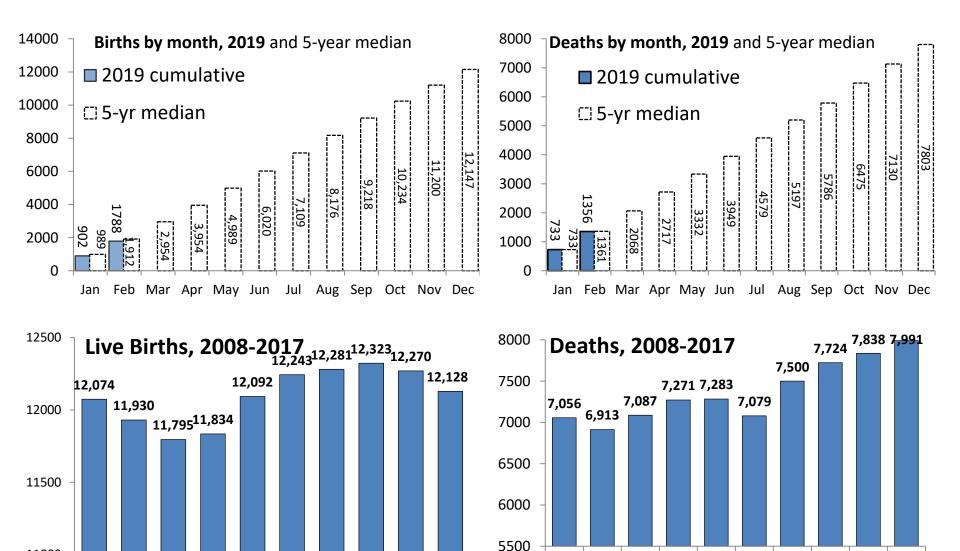




11000



Births and Deaths, South Dakota, 2019



2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

South Dakota Department of Health

doh.sd.gov/strategicplan

Healthy People

Vision Healthy Communities

Healthy South Dakota

Mission

To promote, protect and improve the health of every South Dakotan

Guiding Principles

Serve with integrity

Eliminate health disparities

Demonstrate leadership and accountability

Focus on prevention and outcomes

Leverage partnerships

Promote innovation

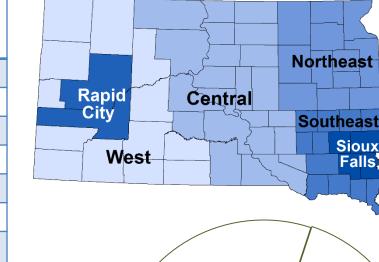
South Dakota Regions



Sioux

Falls.

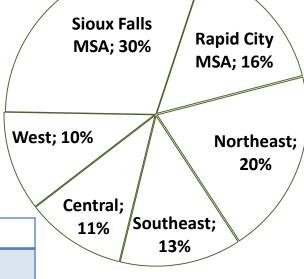
| Region | Population | % | Area (sq miles) | Density (people per sq mile) |
|------------------|------------|-------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Sioux Falls MSA* | 259,094 | 29.8% | 3,141 | 82.5 |
| Rapid City MSA* | 138,159 | 15.9% | 6,247 | 22.1 |
| Northeast | 172,612 | 19.8% | 12,277 | 14.1 |
| Southeast | 113,216 | 13.0% | 5,863 | 19.3 |
| Central | 93,506 | 10.8% | 24,860 | 3.8 |
| West | 93,079 | 10.7% | 23,508 | 4.0 |
| South Dakota | 869,666 | 100% | 75,896 | 11.5 |



*Metropolitan Statistical Area

| Age Group | Population | % |
|-------------|------------|-----|
| <1 year | 12,257 | 1% |
| 1–4 years | 49,502 | 6% |
| 5–14 years | 119,675 | 14% |
| 15–24 years | 116,225 | 13% |
| 25–39 years | 168,141 | 19% |
| 40–64 years | 262,242 | 30% |
| >65 years | 141,624 | 16% |

| Region | Population |
|------------|------------|
| East River | 610,853 |
| West River | 258,813 |





Reportable Diseases List

https://doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/reporting.aspx

Monthly surveillance reports

http://doh.sd.gov/statistics/surveillance

How to report infectious diseases

- 1. Secure disease reporting website: http://sd.gov/diseasereport
- 2. Telephone: **1-800-592-1804** confidential recorder; or
 - **1-800-592-1861** or **605-773-3737** After hours for Category I diseases or during normal business hours.
- 3. Fax: **605-773-5509**
- 4. Mail or courier: Office of Disease Prevention, SD Department of Health, 615 East 4th Street, Pierre, SD 57501; marked "Confidential Disease Report"

Department of Health publications

- Public Health Bulletin: http://doh.sd.gov/resources/bulletin.aspx
- Adult Risk Behaviors: http://doh.sd.gov/statistics/
- Youth Risk Behaviors (Dept of Education): http://doh.sd.gov/statistics/YRBS.aspx
- **PRAMS** (Pregnancy risk assessment monitoring system) https://doh.sd.gov/statistics/prams.aspx